THE MIDDLEBURY COLLEGE
NEWSLETTER
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Subjects and Predicates

New Dean of Women

The appointment of Dr. Mary F. Williams as Dean of Women at Middlebury College was announced March 28th by President Samuel S. Stratton.

The new dean will take over her duties April sixteenth, succeeding Mrs. Millicent C. Woodward who resigned the deanship to join her husband, a member of the faculty at Harvard University. Mrs. Woodward, plans on leaving Middlebury around the first of May.

Dr. Williams holds A.B., M.A., and Ph.D. degrees from Radcliffe College and has also studied at the University of Mexico, Geneva School of International Studies, and Harvard.

Listed among her many academic awards are: Carnegie Corporation Fellowships; College Art Fellowships; Phi Beta Kappa; Jonathan Fay Prize, Radcliffe; League of Nations Non-Partisan Association Prize; and the Caroline Wilby Prize, Radcliffe.

Dr. Williams is a former member of the faculties of Hollins and Mount Holyoke Colleges. She has also taught at Radcliffe, and at the present time is doing personnel work with the American Red Cross.

Faculty

With the start of the spring semester, three new faculty members assumed their duties, and three assistant professors were promoted to the rank of associate professors by the Board of Trustees on the recommendation of President Stratton.

Dr. Charles L. Hoag, who was appointed assistant professor in the Political Science department, is a former member of the faculties of Illinois, Wesleyan University, and Springfield College. During World War II, he was a regional analyst on the staff of the Office of War Information, and subsequently he became field supervisor of the Opinion Research Corporation of New Jersey.

A magna cum laude graduate of Albion College, Dr. Hoag did graduate work at the University of Michigan, where he received the Master of Arts degree in 1931. After a further course of study at Clark University, he was granted his Ph.D. degree in 1938. Dr. Hoag is the author of several publications in his respective field.

The other two new appointments are Richard A. Dean, a graduate of California Institute of Technology and Dennison University, instructor in Physics, and Peter Walton, A.B., who is assisting Mr. Arthur K. D. Healy, Artist in Residence.

The three promotions were given to

Dr. Mischa H. Fayer, head of the Russian department and Director of the College's Russian Summer School; Dr. Harold B. Hitchcock, head of the Biology department; and Dr. Donald H. Ballou, a member of the Mathematics department since 1942.

Dr. Fayer received his A.B. and M.A. degrees from the University of Minnesota, and was awarded his Ph.D. degree by Columbia University. He has also studied at the Sorbonne University, Paris, University of Southern California, and Claremont College. He joined the Middlebury faculty in 1943, and became Director of the Russian Summer School in 1945.

Dr. Hitchcock is a graduate of Phillips Exeter Academy and was awarded the B.A. degree after completing his undergraduate work at Williams College. In 1932, he was awarded an M.A. degree by Harvard and six years later was granted a Ph.D. degree by the same University.

Dr. Ballou received his B.A. degree from Yale and his M.A. and Ph.D. degrees from Harvard. Before coming to Middlebury in 1942, he taught at Hampton Institute, Harvard, and Georgia School of Technology.

Bread Loaf

Professor Reginald L. Cook, '24, Director of the College's Bread Loaf School of English, announced recently the names of his faculty members for the twenty-eighth session of the School, which will be held from June 27 to August 9. They are: Dr. George K. Anderson, Brown University; Prof. Warren Beck, Lawrence College; Dr. Reuben A. Brower, Amherst College; Prof. Donald Davidson, Vanderbilt University; Prof. Elizabeth Drew, Smith College; Dr. Lou La Brant, New York University; Dr. Lucia Mirrieles, Montana State University; Dr. Odell Shepard, author of "Pedlar's Progress," and "The Life of Bronson Alcott"; and Prof. Erie Volkert, Middelbury College.

Robert Frost, Mark Van Doren, Dorothy Canfield Fisher, Esther Cloumain Dunn, and Erwin Panofsky, are among the poets and authors who will give special lectures at the school this summer.
Some time ago the mother of a Middlebury alumnus presented to the College Library a gift of several books as a living memorial to her son who was killed in action during World War II. The commemorative bookplate (above) was designed recently by the Librarian to distinguish these volumes from others in the collection. The painting used to illustrate the bookplate is by Arthur K. D. Healy, who presented this painting to the College on Memorial Day last year, in honor of Middlebury men killed in action.

Believing that other parents, relatives and friends of the Middlebury men who gave their lives in the recent conflict, might wish to honor the memories of their loved ones, Mrs. Margaret W. Fayer, Librarian of the Egbert Starr Library, wishes to inform alumni and alumnae of the opportunity of donating books to this memorial collection.

Dr. Freeman

Dr. Stephen A. Freeman, Vice President of Middlebury College and Director of the College's Summer Language Schools, has been elected Vice President of the National Federation of Modern Language Teachers Association. This Federation comprises about fifteen regional associations of Modern Language Teachers throughout the country, and it is the organization which publishes the Modern Language Journal, the principal periodical of modern language methodology for secondary and college teachers in all the foreign languages.

Miss George made a careful study of a campus relief map with her sensitive hands, and now she is quite familiar with all its details, even to the number of steps in each building. When the use of a seeing-eye dog was suggested, she declined the offer by remarking that seeing-eye dogs were for "more unfortunate people."

Miss George has learned to depend upon her ears in situations where most people use their eyes. She can follow a football game easily by listening to the crowd and the announcer. In fact, at one game last fall, she had to correct her escort several times on downs and yardage.

"It isn't difficult to follow the game," she says, "you all do the same thing when you listen to a game over the radio."

Middlebury College Club members of Worcester, Mass., who were in charge of a committee handling arrangements for a children's play presented in that city on March 22. Proceeds of the play were donated to the Memorial Fund Drive. Left to right: Mrs. Donald G. Congdon (Elizabeth Coley '35); Mrs. Marjorie F. Cleman (Marjorie Fielden '37); and Mrs. Laurens C. Scelye (Harriet Douglas '33).
A few of the Winter Carnival clippings received by the College Publicity Department from newspapers published in thirty-five of forty-eight states. Fox Movietone and Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer news reels containing scenes of carnival activities, were shown on the screens of theaters throughout the Nation.
Winter Carnival

Amid all the glamour of a colorful pageantry of sculptured snow and ice, the 16th Annual Middlebury College Winter Carnival opened Jan. 23 with the coronation ceremony, at which Polly Hodder, captain of the Women's College ski team, and Arthur Pepin, captain of last season's varsity football team, were crowned King and Queen of the Carnival.

Miss Hodder had the double honor on the following day of leading her team to a first place win in the Women's Meet when Middlebury defeated teams from McGill University, University of Vermont, St. Lawrence University, and the University of New Hampshire.

In the final day of the men's two-day intercollegiate meet, the University of New Hampshire ski team won the cross-country and jumping events to edge Dartmouth out of first place standing. Middlebury finished third with 516.76 points. Among the other teams competing were: University of Vermont, St. Lawrence University, University of Maine, Norwich University, McGill University, and Wesleyan University.

The 1947 Carnival was considered by spectators, officials, and newspapermen to be the most successful carnival in the history of the College.

Dr. McGilton Dies

Dr. William W. McGilton, Middlebury College professor emeritus for the past thirty-eight years, died in Middlebury, March 20th, at the age of eighty-nine. Professor McGilton, who was beloved by several generations of Middlebury alumni, joined the faculty of the college in 1892, and was head of the chemistry department until his retirement in 1919. He was the holder of A. B. and M. A. degrees from Wesleyan University and an honorary D. Sc. degree from Middlebury College.

Memorial Scholarships

The Prudential Committee of the Board of Trustees has voted to adopt the resolution of the Alumni Council, that four-year full tuition scholarships be offered to the sons and daughters of the Middlebury College men killed in World War II. These scholarships will be offered to the following nine sons and daughters:

Charles Wright Bundy, '12—son, Richard, age nineteen; Robert Bruce Davidson, '41—son, Barry, age two; Valmer Julian Goltry, '30—son, Valmer Jack, age nine; Norman Elden Hatfield, '41—daughter, Ann Adams, age three; Armand Norbert Laflamme, '37—son, Herbert Alan, age three; Madison Jordan Manchester, '34—son, Albert Read, age seven; Howard Winfield Wade, '40—son, Peter Gawthorn, age six; Charles Parking Wassell, '44—son, Peter Lloyd, age two; and Henry Ollin Billings, Jr., '28—daughter, Ann, age seven.
The opinions of all the speakers on the evils of compulsory arbitration were summed up by a statement made by Mr. Leon Gay, a member of the Board of Trustees, who said, "compulsory arbitration is like a shotgun marriage which is always followed by an absence of peace and harmony."

"Harmony among the peoples of the world is more ably created by relieving humanity from the squalor and indignities of life than by international athletic events, such as the Olympic games or the aid of tourists who establish a false impression of their countries," Dr. David L. Thomson, Dean of the Faculty and Graduate Studies and Research at McGill University, asserted.

"A determined effort must be made by the nations of the world to get their citizens to know and understand each other," Dr. Thomson declared.

"The economic problems of the United States can be solved by raising the standard of living of all the peoples of the world," Dr. Charles Lightbody, author and historian, told the conference. "The more advanced and industrialized the backward countries of the world become, the more markets there will be for American goods," he declared.

Edgar A. Mowrer, former chief of the Berlin and Paris bureaus of the Chicago Daily News, and winner of the Pulitzer Prize for journalism, stated that the peoples of the world are frustrated because nations are unable to solve international problems. "This state of frustration is, however, an action towards achieving world harmony," he said.

Language Schools

In keeping with the nations international program, the Middlebury College Language Schools this summer will stress the two-fold aim of a complete mastery of a foreign language for fluent communication, and a thorough comprehension of the civilization, culture, social institutions, literature, history, and art of the foreign country. Operating, as they have for over thirty years, on the principle of complete segregation, and pledging their students to the exclusive use of the foreign tongue, these schools have chosen for their staffs many of the outstanding authorities on the culture of other lands, some now residing in the United States, others who will come from abroad for the session, June 27 to August 14.

The French School, under the directorship of Professor Vincent Guillo-ton of Smith College, has appointed as its Visiting Professor M. Jean Guichello, Inspecteur Général de l'Education Nationale of France. M. Guichello not only holds this important government post, but he was one of the leaders of the clandestine press in France during the war; he has been the director of the French youth movement and of popular education, and he is the author of many books on the present situation in France. Also coming direct from France, is Madame Léontine Moussu of the Institut de Phonétique, who taught American soldiers at the Sorbonne in 1945. The staff of 40 will include a large number of young French men and women recently arrived in this country, who were active in the Resistance, thoroughly trained in the universities of France, and able to interpret for their American students the problems and attitudes of the French people as well as the best of France's intellectual tradition.

A similar program will be followed in all of the College's Language Schools. The German School, having rendered much service to the State Department and the Army, now returns to its peace-time program under Dr. Ernst Feise of Johns Hopkins University. Franz Rapp, Chief Curator of the Theatre Museum in Munich until 1936, and Librarian of the Theatre Collection in the N.Y. Public Library during the war, Bern...
Memorial Fund Drive

Following are the answers to questions received from several alumni and alumnae:

Q. What is the present total amount of money raised for the building of the World War II Memorial Field House?
A. As the NEWS LETTER goes to press (April 1), the amount is $383,593.00.

Q. How much of the money donated has been received in the form of cash?
A. $211,137.11. The remainder of the amount raised to date is in the form of pledges, that are being paid in installments by Middlebury's loyal alumni, alumnae, and friends.

Q. How many persons have contributed to the Fund Drive?
A. More than 4,000 men and women have donated money to help build the Memorial Field House. This group consists of 2,652 alumni and alumnae, 766 undergraduates, and over 1,000 friends of the College.

Q. What is the average alumni—alumnae contribution?
A. $109;

Q. How long will the Campaign for funds continue?
A. Until the established goal of $700,000 is reached.

Q. Does the $700,000 being raised include the cost of maintenance and upkeep?
A. A portion of the $700,000 will be used to set up an endowment to take care of the maintenance and upkeep of the Field House.

Q. What is the range of the donations received?
A. $1 to $25,000. The following table shows the range of alumni and alumnae gifts:

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<th>Range</th>
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<tr>
<td>$1,000 or more</td>
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<td>$500 to $999</td>
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<td>$150 to $299</td>
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<tr>
<td>$1 to $49</td>
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Q. What are the prospects of receiving more contributions in the higher brackets?
A. The Special Gifts Committee is working on a list of 600 friends of the College and it is expected that substantial contributions will be made by several of these friends.

Q. When will the Memorial Field House be built?
A. The Building Committee of the Board of Trustees is making plans to start the construction of the Field House just as soon as it feels that the contributed dollars of alumni, alumnae, undergraduates, and friends of the College will purchase the maximum value in material and labor.

Dr. Camillo Merlino, of Boston University, and Director of the Italian School, announced recently the appointment of Dr. Elio Gianturco as Visiting Professor. Dr. Gianturco, graduate of the University of Naples, is a member of the research staff of the Library of Congress. Other graduates of Italian Universities, experts in Italian culture, several of whom served during the war in the Office of Strategic Service, as interpreters, or in the Army's training program, will complete the staff.

The Russian School is under the direction of Dr. Mischa H. Fayer, chairman of the College's Russian Department. The faculty will include Samuel Kutscheroff, a member of the bar of Kiev, translator for the War Department, and journalist; Dr. Ivan Lopatin, who has taught in Vladivostok and Harbin, and is now in charge of Slavic studies at the University of Southern California; Mr. and Mrs. Pressman of the American-Russian Institute in New York; the literary critic, Julia Sazonova; and Marya Tolstoy, grand-daughter of the great novelist.

The Spanish School, for twelve years under the direction of Dr. Juan Centeno, assumes the large task of interpreting both the culture of Spain, and of the great and growing republics of Latin-America, whose importance the United States is realizing more and more. It is essential that this relationship become a firm intellectual and cultural kinship. To this end, the school will offer many courses on the historical, political, and cultural development of Spanish-America and our relations with it, as well as on contemporary problems. Dr. Jorge Mañach, a graduate of Harvard, and formerly Secretary of Education, then Minister of State of Cuba, will be Visiting Professor. The staff of thirty will include such experts as Prof. Navarro Tomás, Spain's chief authority on philology and phonetics; Max Vreña, former Secretary of State of the Dominican Republic and several times Ambassador; Joaquin Casaldueiro of Smith College, a Guggenheim Fellow; Juan Corominas, Director of the Linguistics Institute of the University of Cuyo, Argentina; José Eucinas, Secretary of the Permanent Delegation of Peru to the United Nations; Federico Gil, a lawyer and authority on Latin-American politics at the University of North Carolina.

All of the language schools will be under the supervision of Dr. Stephen A. Freeman, Director of the Language Schools and Vice President of the College.
The Incredible Albert Schweitzer

By Everett Skillings, Professor Emeritus, Middlebury College

Situated at Lambaréné in French Equatorial Africa, a several days' journey up the Ogowe River, is the hospital of Dr. Albert Schweitzer, consisting of a group of low wooden buildings with corrugated iron roofing.

To this incredible doctor, the alleviation of human suffering became a great ideal. Primarily, however, he was trained, not as a physician, but as a university teacher, a philosopher, and a musician. The hands of the man who is devoting his every talent to relieving the black man of Africa from the torture of pain, are the same hands which thirty years ago held cultured Europe enthralled with his interpretation of the music of John Sebastian Bach. Dr. Schweitzer, a native of Alsace, France, who was educated at the University of Strasbourg and the Sorbonne, is the product of Franco-German culture. From early boyhood, he studied music. A doctor of philosophy at the age of 24, of theology at 26, and of music at 31, he then, acting on a long-cherished inner resolve, resigned his professorship and studied medicine for over six years and became a doctor of medicine, his fourth degree, at the age of 35.

Such a combination of academic attainments would be enough to mark their possessor as an unusual phenomenon, but his practical abilities and manual skill are equally remarkable. He is a master of the science and craft of organ building, and was the architect and part-builder of his hospital in Africa, as well as of his home in the village of his boyhood, Gunsbach, which he designed mainly as a rendezvous for his nurses when on furlough in Europe. Besides possessing these accomplishments, he is more than an amateur agriculturist. His versatility reminds us of Leonardo da Vinci and the other Renaissance-Menschen. Yet it is not in his versatility that his true significance lies, since it is but the means to his real life's work.

When Dr. Schweitzer was 21, there came to him on a bright summer morning as he awoke in his home in Gunsbach, the thought that he must not accept the happiness of his boyhood as a matter of course, but must give something in return for it. "Proceeding to think the matter out at once," he said, "with calm determination, while the birds were singing outside, I settled with myself before I got up, that I would consider myself justified in living until I was thirty for science and art, in order to devote myself from that time onward to the direct service of humanity."

For a time, he thought his decision would mean work with abandoned or orphaned children. Then it might be work with tramps and discharged convicts. Then one evening in the autumn of 1904, he picked up a magazine of the Paris Missionary Society and read about the dire need for a medical mission far in the interior of Africa. What he read captured his imagination. "The article finished," he said, "I quietly began my evening's work. My search was over."

While he was preparing to become a doctor, his fiancée, Hélène Bresslau, daughter of Professor Bresslau, the eminent Strasbourg historian, was in training to become a nurse. They were married in June of 1912, and the following Good Friday, started out on their long journey to the jungles of Africa.

When the Schweitzers finally reached Lambaréné, they were in a region located at the equator...
and considered one of the most unhealthy spots in the world. Lambarene has a hot, humid climate, with little range of temperature. During the rainy season, from October till May, torrid, damp heat prevails, with the nights as hot as the days. The remnants of eight once powerful tribes live here, where for three centuries the slave trade, rum, and exploitation have wrought havoc. Here the natives eke out a meager existence and are in dire need of medical treatment. A hundred tropical ailments such as sleeping sickness, swamp fever, malaria, leprosy, dysentery, and gangrenous ulcers raged unchecked in this locality. When the Schweitzers arrived, one of the natives said to them, “Here among us everybody is sick.” Dr. Schweitzer had surely chosen with care the place of greatest need. Largely with his own hands he cleared the jungle and set up his first operating room in an abandoned chicken coop, using a cot as an operating table. The sick came in large numbers from hundreds of miles around.

World War I broke out as the work was getting well established. Alsace was then a part of Germany and being Alsatians, the Doctor and his wife became prisoners-of-war. As they were leaving Lambarene by ship for an internment camp in the French Pyrenees, the Father Superior of the Catholic Mission came on board, waved aside the native soldiers who tried to prevent his approach, and shook hands with Dr. and Mrs. Schweitzer. “You shall not leave this country,” he said, “without my thanking you both for all the good you have done here.”

Life in the internment camp was not conducive to good health. After the war, it took several years before Dr. Schweitzer felt strong enough to undertake the task of starting all over again in Africa. But in 1921 he set out, travelling throughout Europe, giving organ recitals, and lecturing on the Philosophy of Civilization to raise money for his hospital. Early in 1924, he was again ready to depart for Africa, this time without his wife for she was still in frail health. With him went two young Swiss doctors and several nurses. At Lambarene, they found little left of the hospital. The overgrown forest and the armies of white ants had swallowed up everything.

Dr. Schweitzer rolled up his sleeves and went to work. Slowly a new hospital came into being, far more adequate than the first. It is today a community of some fifty buildings situated a short distance upstream from the original site.

Until the outbreak of World War II, Dr. Schweitzer alternated between years in Africa and years in Europe. Much of the [Continued on page 21]
Middlebury’s Lost Man of History

The Centennial of the Independence of Liberia, the “Black Republic” on the West Coast of Africa which was founded as a refuge for American slaves, will be held in 1947. While fitting ceremonies will doubtless be observed in tropic Monrovia, Capital of the Country, it seems likely that little more than passing thought will be given in the United States to the Anniversary. Yet Liberia was a scheme which, had it taken hold, might have destroyed the roots from which the Civil War sprang and which, had it been successful, might have obviated almost every aspect of what is now called “the Negro problem” in this country.

Middlebury is tied to Liberia not only by the fact that many of the anti-slavery movements of the early 19th century were given strong sustenance here, but also by the fact that Jehudi Ashmun, who established the Liberia Colony, worked his way through Middlebury College for three years. He entered Middlebury in September of 1812, and according to A. A. Gurley, his biographer, left Middlebury in 1815 “when with the view of relieving himself from pecuniary embarrassments, he became a student at Vermont University” where he completed his education the following year. Upon graduation, he entered the Congregational ministry and became the founder and principal of the Maine Charity School at Hampden, which later became the nucleus for the Bangor Theological Seminary.

Jehudi Ashmun’s memory was revived recently when he was listed by Stewart H. Holbrook among the Lost Men of American History, that little group of “mavericks, unorthodox thinkers, men and women who went against the wind and tide” who often laid the foundations for later, greater names, or whose prophecies, since proven true by time, came too early to win them anything but neglect or abuse.

Ashmun was such a prophet. As a young minister, he became immersed in the anti-slavery activities of the early 1800’s, wrote scores of articles on the subject for church publications of the day, edited the African Intelligencer, a short-lived journal of the American Colonization Society, and was one of the very early, if not the first, American to declare that slavery was certain to overthrow the United States and bring it to chaos if continued.

His proposal (generally considered preposterous in those days when the terrible toll of the Civil War was still undreamed of) was for the purchase by cash of all American Negro slaves. They were then to be shipped to Africa and aided in settlement of what should in time become a Negro republic, economically and politically independent. Into the establishment of this Negro colony and the furtherance of this end-to-slavery ideal, he poured his life with fanatic devotion.

Despite the life of intense action and labor which he lived, Ashmun was a true product of his time and of his education. His letters and journals, as well as the biography written of him by an admiring contemporary, are far more concerned with his spiritual struggles than with his daily doings. But beneath the Puritanic language and the Christian endeavors which today mark our only record of Ashmun, can be seen flashes of the spirit which fought so sturdily against American unconcern and cannibal African attacks in Liberia.

On the 7th of October, 1818, he married Miss C. D. Gray in New York, and the following spring he resigned his post and journeyed to Baltimore where he became editor of the Theological Repository, an organ of the Episcopal Church. Here the new Mrs. Ashmun joined him, and soon the Repository began to attract attention because of Ashmun’s extremely able and appealing articles in support of a colony in Africa for freed slaves. At this time also, he wrote the Life of Samuel Bacon, a Massachusetts divine, who had attempted several years previous to establish a Negro settlement on the West Coast of Africa.

The American Colonization Society was formed.
in 1817 for the purpose of sending Negroes back to Africa. Not long after its founding, Congress appropriated a small sum of money to provide a colony in Africa for the return of native Negroes who had been released from slave ships by American revenue men. Two ministers, Samuel Mills and Ebenezer Burgess, as agents of the American Colonization Society, had gone to what is now the Liberian coast to establish such a colony.

Then, Ashmun took hold of the idea, and became its loudest and most sturdy proponent. He was given the sanction of the society and a half-hearted appointment by the Government of the United States as its temporary representative to accompany thirty-seven Negroes who were to be sent to Africa in the brig Strong.

Tall, fine-featured, and frail, but with an intensity of purpose that made him almost indefatigable, Ashmun sailed from Baltimore on June 20, 1822, with Mrs. Ashmun, and thirty-seven Negro charges. After an uneventful journey, the party went ashore on August 9th at Cape Monteserado, where the American Colonization Society’s Liberian colony had been established.

Ashmun had intended to survey the colony, assay its possibilities and needs, and return to America on the same vessel. However, he found the colony in such desperate straits that he resolved to remain. Of the 114 original settlers sent out from the United States, one-third had died of fever. All of the living were ill. One of these white agents was in his grave and the other had retreated in sickness and despair to some West Indies island. The rainy season had begun and death for the entire venture was in the wind.

The fragile theologian, who had been born in the backwoods but had spent most of his life among books, set to work valiantly, erecting new shelters, ministering to the sick, attempting to restore the village. He visited nearby African chieftains and when he found them inclined to be unfriendly, he rescued from the mud of the beach several "iron guns and one brass" which had been intended since the arrival of the first colonists.

He had his first attack of tropical fever about two weeks after arriving, and three days later Mrs. Ashmun was seriously stricken with the disease. At the same time, he was warned by a friendly jungle black that the native chieftains were planning to attack the colony and destroy it. Between periods of intense fever and even delirium, he arranged a 24-hour watch for the village, stressed preparedness to his charges, and armed the 27 men who still had strength enough to fight off an attack.

He rushed from the rude battle-ments being constructed to his design on the outskirts of the settlement, to the thatched hut in which Mrs. Ashmun lay dying, and periodically he himself was overcome by the fever that plagued the place. On September 15, little more than a month after her arrival, Mrs. Ashmun died and her husband was left alone, the only white person in the tiny, sickened band.

Her death cut away from him his last prop against the fever and from the middle of September until the first week of November "he remained in an extremely low and dangerous state, nearly incapable of motion and conscious of little else but suffering." When he recovered somewhat in early November, he found [Continued on page 21]
IN REFLECTING upon what I might say to you who this morning are to receive the seal of approval of the Faculty and Administration of your college, I recall the sage observation of a Harvard professor who in his college days had been a member of the crew and indeed remained an enthusiastic rower all his life. He said: “I would rather be a member of a society of eight men facing backward but going forward than a member of a crowd facing forward but going nowhere.”

Perhaps at no stage of your personal careers will you more nearly approach the status of oarsmen than you do today. Certainly in these days you have been looking backward. In varying moods you are recalling social and intellectual comradeships, friendships formed, and formidable tasks now safely accomplished. You have been reflecting perhaps on your physical environment; the brilliant autumn coloring of an October day; the first time you observed from your dormitory window a campus, soft and white with freshly fallen snow; or a particularly glorious sunset when you viewed our mountains to the west. Such looking backward is good for us and may not be dismissed as sentimental nostalgia for as we reflect more intensively we turn to serious self appraisal. We become conscious of our follies, of our mistakes in judgment of individuals and situations. Perhaps we come to understand why this or that hope or plan was only partially fulfilled. Perhaps we find satisfaction in a difficult task well done or a personal adjustment happily effected. It is only by looking backward that we can evaluate our experiences, and it is by such evaluation of our personal experiences that we grow in wisdom.

Like the college crew, however, at the very moment that you are taking these backward glances you are moving forward to new tasks, to fresh experiences, to a different social, economic and physical environment. Of course it is the going forward that must ever be our chief concern.

Recently I came across an editorial which presents graphic descriptions of some facts well known to social scientists: “In the old Roman days it was truthfully said that the crowd on the Appian Way never grew old. The same cannot be said in modern times of the crowds on Broadway and Fifth Avenue. If a typical slice of the population had gone strolling in 1898 each one hundred strollers would have been divided as follows:

Under 15—30.7%; between 15 and 44—53.4%; between 45 and 64—13.1%; over 65—2.8%. If the same thing had occurred in 1945 the proportions would have been: Under 15—19.8%; 15 to 44—52.6%; 45 to 64—21.8%; over 65—5.5%. The drop in the number of strollers under 15 would astonish our parents and grandparents—11 out of every 30.7% have disappeared. Likewise, there has been an increase of more than 11% in the strollers over the age of 44.

The decrease in the death rate, cut almost in half by a drop from 20.3% to 10.3% a thousand, accounts for the survival of the middle-aged and old. The infant death rate fell enormously—from 140.9 a thousand live births to 30.4. If we have fewer young people today, in proportion to population, it is partly because the birthrate dropped from 36.4 a thousand to 16.7.

Half a century from now what will be the story? Unless some deep social influence increases the birth rate the crowd on the streets will be still older than it is today.”

The editorial writer might have given further emphasis to his statistics by pointing out that the retirement ages of those gainfully employed has been decreasing from 70 to 65 and to 60 years and in the future maybe a younger age; and that the number of young people who substitute higher education for gainful employment will continue to rise. It seems to me that these facts are particularly relevant to your generation as looking backward you move forward from college to what the census describes as ‘gainful employ’. [Continued on page 22]
China, The Hope of Asia

By Charles H. Reinbrecht, '22

In the present postwar world of chaos and confusion, China is suffering disastrous effects from internal disorders, as well as from the external disturbances that are surrounding her and crowding in upon her life. These latter circumstances have continued to influence and interfere with the solution of many of her internal problems. The vastness of China's problems and the extent to which outside interference has hindered the solution of her perplexities, is difficult to realize.

The long years of resistance before the western nations came to her aid, have shown the world, not only China's patience under suffering and trial, but also her staying power in resisting an aggressor powerfully equipped with modern military armaments.

In judging the advancement of China in the past thirty years, we must consider what she had to work with, what hindrances in tradition she had to overcome, and with what continual outside interference with which she had to cope. If we neglect any one of these factors and see only the present turmoil, our perspective is lacking and our conception of conditions in China is an unsolvable puzzle. The world situation and its turmoil has been a great factor in preventing China from a more speedy recovery from her plight. The American policy towards China seems to have been influenced, if not determined, by the menacing shadow from the north of China and from the profuse propaganda of China's rebellious minority.

Certain basic facts should be taken into account in our relations with China. Recall her long history and her contributory part to the history of Asia and the world. Try to imagine what her vast and steadily growing population has, is, and will mean for all nations. The experience of the ages plus an unlimited supply of manpower are mighty factors to be reckoned with for world peace and security. Coupled with these potentialities are the vast known and unknown national resources scattered throughout the country. Furthermore, we should continually remind ourselves of what the Chinese actually have accomplished within a generation. The progress of the revolution following the downfall of the Manchus, has shown the power of the Chinese people to solve their own problems despite constant outside interference. The unity of the country, the civil government in the provinces and countries, the stability of the currency, and the spread of education were some of the evidences of the achievements of the National régime before the Jap invader came.

When we realize that the tremendous transformation of the masses of China's millions must be accomplished in the midst of this 20th century whirlpool that has already produced two World Wars, then we are prepared to consider at least one or two of the fallacies in present-day thinking that are fundamental to the understanding of the so-called Chinese puzzle. One of these is that the present struggle is still, "just the same old strife between the warlords of China." This is definitely not so; before Japan invaded China the National Government had reunited many of the provinces under its leadership. This was done through persuasion where possible and by means of military strategy where necessary. If a warlord who had established himself as a ruler over a certain province or area in the period of disintegration of the old Manchu rule, would cooperate in the program of the revolution to set up a unified National Government for the good of all China, he was given his chance to prove his loyalty. However, if patient persuasion would not suffice to win the warlord, then military strategy was used to accomplish the mission. Aware of China's growing power and unity, the Japanese could wait no longer, so they launched their invasion. A struggle with these warlords does not exist today in postwar China.

Another fallacy is the conception raised in American minds by the use of the word civil in describing the present struggle in China. In China, the warfare is not as intense as the war in this country was between the States in 1861, nor is it as extensive. China's Civil Conflict consists of guerrilla warfare combined with the burning over
or a Scorched earth policy. The scale of the fighting is far exaggerated, the strength of the minority group is far overrated, and the numbers of its adherents, as so often claimed, are preposterous.

The above factors would have no significance if it were not for the personalities which have been both the product of these factors, and incidentally the producers of the resultant coordination of these same factors. Sun Yat Sen, often called the ‘Father of his People’ continues to be revered for his efforts in establishing the new state and laying down the principles for the guidance of the people, as well as leaders, that came after him. Chiang Kai Shek has carried these principles powerfully into action. Together with his loyal supporters and followers, he has been able to win the confidence and support of the vast majority of the Chinese people. His interest in their behalf has been demonstrated in policies for helping their well-being and in a life willing to be sacrificed, if necessary, for the sake of his people. They have seen in him a leader who could be trusted. Even his enemies have recognized that there is no one else to lead the nation in the time of crisis. Chiang Kai Shek has been and is the personification of Chinese unity and the people’s hope for bringing life out of death, chaos out of confusion, and hope out of despair.

The Soong family has been a source of strength to the Generalissimo and the government throughout the struggle. The accomplishment of Dr. T. V. Soong in balancing the national budget of China when the United States was in the throes of a depression, should be recalled at this time of postwar inflation. In addition to these important personages, there are his military leaders and political advisers, whose advice and zeal are vital to the execution of the policies and orders of the government.

With the recall of the American peace teams at the beginning of the year of 1947, prospect is open for the National Government to settle her own problems in her own way. Based on what was done before the war and what was accomplished last fall, everything points to an early campaign during the course of which the railroads will once again be reopened. This will be the first step towards peace and the restoration of Chinese national economy. Then with one or two good harvests, these agricultural people should be able to stop gasping and start breathing again.

The will of the Chinese people, backed by their resources, will emerge victorious in this struggle as so often in the past.

While engaged in the war of resistance, China has been preparing for the period of peace to follow. Plans have been made for the reconstruction period. During the war, representatives of the Chinese government were sent to America for special study with respect to China’s future needs in business, government, education, and industry. Following V-J Day, many more representatives were sent to the United States for the same purpose. Reports from various sources speak highly of ability of these men as well as their courteous manner. Together with those representatives educated in Europe and at home, they will become the future leaders of industry, agriculture, education, and government.

China’s role in Asia in relation especially to Indo-China, the Philippines, and Dutch East Indies, will become an increasingly important one in the future years of peace. By recognizing the democratic character of the Chinese people, and through a sympathetic understanding of China’s needs, will the strong existing bonds of international friendship be strengthened.

America’s attitude toward China must not be that of a dictator nor an exploiter, as either will destroy the important American influence. If expansion into the Pacific by world powers is followed by exploitation of the peoples of the Orient, then there will be serious trouble. The present repercussions being felt in Indo-China and the East Indies are a warning against such exploitation. With the return of peace, China will see an unprecedented agricultural and industrial development. Farmers and laborers will be mobilized for large scale, peaceful, constructive enterprises as they were mobilized for armed defense. However, if exploitation intrudes into the peace program, disaster will result.

The United States should give to China all the spiritual and economic backing that it can possibly extend, and the American people should help wherever possible their tried and trusted ally. Relief for the bodies and minds of the Chinese is not sufficient; they must be given life for their souls through living friendships. To this end the Christian universities in China should be strengthened. From them have come one-sixth of her leaders, as well as the driving power and fervor that have been instrumental in awakening China from her lethargy and sleep. The future of China is full of promise when seen in the historical perspective of the distant as well as the recent past. The frustrations due to well meaning friends as well as evil-wishing enemies will be overcome.
Alumni News and Notes

Candidates for office in the Associated Alumni for 1947 are:

NATIONAL PRESIDENT
Guy C. Hendry, '15, Litchfield, Conn.
Edwin J. Klock, '23, Schenectady, New York

ALBANY DISTRICT PRESIDENT
Bristol Chatterton, '29, Valley Falls, New York
Ervin F. Gollnick, '25, Troy, New York

CONNECTICUT DISTRICT PRESIDENT
Charles Beach, '42, Waterbury, Conn.
William L. Meikle, '46, Unionville, Conn.
Courtland G. Whitney, '27, Norwich, Conn.

NEW YORK CITY DISTRICT PRESIDENT
Donald D. Fredrickson, '25, New York, N. Y.
Harold D. Watson, '34, Mamaroneck, New York

ALUMNI TRUSTEE-AT-LARGE
William M. Meacham, '21, Boston, Mass.
George E. Shaw, To, New York, N. Y.

Election will be conducted by mail later in the spring.

1896
DEATHS: May Barton Taylor (Mrs. Ira M.) on July 14, 1945 in Washington, D. C. Mrs. Taylor will always be best known to Middlebury College alumni as the author of the words of the "College Hymn," On This Far-Famed Field of Battle.

1897

1900
DEATHS: Clara Belle Andrews on Nov. 7, 1946 in Rochester, N. Y.

1901
DEATHS: Willard S. Perrigo M. D. in January in Antwerp, N. Y.
A Testimonial Dinner in honor of Hon. Ellsworth C. Lawrence was given Nov. 30, 1946 in Saranac Lake, N. Y. by his associates. He has been appointed one of the Official Referees of the State of N. Y.

1903
ADDRESSES: Albert Edwin Witherell, 400 E. Prospect St., Kewanee, Ill.

1909
Prof. Arthur W. Peach has been appointed to the advisory board of "Vermont Life."

1910
ADDRESSES: Paul D. Ross, 448 Orange Ave., Long Beach, Calif.

1911
ADDRESSES: Alice E. Casey, Capitol Heights P. O., Md.; Frederick A. Bowen, 224 Griffen St., Phoenixville, Pa.

Rev. Alfred Martin is Acting Rector of the Calvary Church in Utica, N. Y.; address: 1431 Genesee St., Utica, N. Y.

1912
Roger K. Lane is an Interior Designer and Portrait Painter; address: 1615 South Quaker, Tulsa, Okla.
Royal A. Wray is Pres. of the Wray Insurance Agency, Inc., Liberty, N. Y.; address: c/o Sherwood Bldg., Liberty, N. Y.

1913
ADDRESS: Annah B. Sheldon, 6902 Oakridge Rd., College Heights, Hyattsville, Md.
Hammond Ladd is Chief Engineer with the United Parcel Service of N. Y.; address: 43 Archer Ave., White Plains, N. Y.

1914
DEATHS: John T. Bartlett on Jan. 23 in Boulder, Colo.; Alice Tipping Rosewater (Mrs. Joseph), on April 22, 1946 in So. Ozone Park, N. Y.

1915
Wayne M. Haller is foreign language teacher in the Albany High School; address: 43 South Lake Ave., Albany, N. Y.

1916
ADDRESS: George H. Snyder, 1027 Dean St., Schenectady, N. Y.; Winfield S. Huntley, 915 Stuart Ave., Mamaroneck, N. Y.

Charles H. Wright is working with the Veterans Administration in Cleveland, Ohio; address: 3342 E. Scarborough Rd., Cleveland Heights 18, Ohio.
Alban J. Parker has resigned as Att’y. Gen’l. for the State of Vt.

1917
ADDRESS: Roy D. Harris, 65 Norwood St., Greenfield, Mass.; William P. Thorp, Jr., 18 Colonial Court, Metuchen, N. J.

Charles J. Haugh has been reelected Pres. of the Casualty Actuarial Society of Am.

1918
MARRIAGES: Bertha Farrell to Joseph E. Wilson on Nov. 2, 1946 in Ballston Spa, N. Y.; address: 30 Ballston Ave., Ballston Spa, N. Y.

ADDRESS: Frank J. Mara, 49 Storey Lane, Yonkers, N. Y.

Rev. Frank S. Gredler has accepted a position as interim Minister of the First Unitarian Church of Berlin, Conn.

1920

Charles J. Haugh has been reelected Pres. of the Casualty Actuarial Society of Am.
1921
A. George Osteyee is Asst. Prof. of Math. at Champlain College, Plattsburg, N. Y.
Lorimer H. Brown is a teacher at the San Raphael Military Academy, Box 83, San Raphael, Calif.

1922

1923
ADDRESSES: Harriet Fillmore Clough (Mrs. Kenneth), 11 Oak St., Plattsburg, N. Y.; Sanford A. Carroll, 307 Summer Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.; Edward A. Sikorski, 3021 Marmore, Brooklyn Station, Cleveland, Ohio; Charles L. Leonard, 1136 Benjamin Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. Leslie H. Dunnells, (Isabelle Griffith, '16), 2268 Bacon St., Concord, Calif.

1924
ADDRESSES: Amy Hunt Meek (Mrs. Frederick M.), 474 Chestnut Hill Ave., Brookline, Mass.; Martha Baldwin Thompson (Mrs. William L.), 1035 Grandview Ave., Boulder, Colo.; Dorothy Miles MacLeod (Mrs. Alexander N.), 516 So. 42nd St., Philadelphia 4, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Harold Krichbaum (Rena Dumas, '22), 375 Rockingham St., Rochester 7, N. Y.; Michael J. Lorenzo, M.D., 149 Hillside Ave., Williston Park, L. I., N. Y.
Alexander Graham is an Engineer with the Vt. Highway Dept.; address: East Montpelier, Vt.
Harold Krichbaum is salesman with the Crone Realty Co. of Rochester, N. Y.

1925
Thomas Yahkub is Instr. in Soc. and Far East. Affairs at Goddard College, Plainfield, Vt.
W. Ward Osteyee is a Chief Warrant Officer in the Army at the Artillery School, El Paso, Tex.

1926
BIRTHS: A daughter, Karen Esther, to Comdr. and Mrs. J. Stuart Gruggel on Jan. 6; address: 157-55 12 Rd., Beechhurst, L. I., N. Y.
Robert A. McDonald is Supervising Engineer for the Reconstruction Finance Corp., 520 Ash St., Denver, Colo.
Auburn A. Ross is mgr. of plant development for Eli Lilly & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; address: 433 W. 44th St., Indianapolis, Ind.

1927
ADDRESSES: Clyde C. Craeser, 92 Main St., Newport, Vt.
Harry A. Drew is teaching at the McTernan School; address: 106 Columbia Blvd., Waterbury, Conn.

1928

1929
MARRIAGES: Mildred T. Ross to Ernest H. Swanson on Nov. 13, 1946; address: 148 State St., Albany, N. Y.
ADDRESSES: Margaret Raymond Shuttleworth (Mrs. James G.), 400 Rugby Rd., Syracuse, N. Y.; Robert H. S. Mark, 29 Henry St., Bellows Falls, Vt.; Mr. and Mrs. Nelson E. Sanborn (Eleanor Goodrich, '35), 12 Shaw Rd., Bridgewater, Mass.
Russell D. Brown is Foreign Branch Insp. for the Nat.'l. City Bank of N. Y., and is at present located in Lima, Peru; address: Foreign Inspection Staff, 55 Wall St., N. Y. C.
Otis Jason is Prin. of Westminster schools, Westminster, Mass.

1930
MARRIAGES: Charlotte D. Ross to Louis C. Nagy on Sept. 27, 1943; address: Box 44, Forestdale, Vt.
BIRTHS: A daughter, Joyce Lynn, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Walker (Eleanor Kocher) on Nov. 6, 1946. A daughter, Catharine, to Mr. and Mrs. John T. Andrews (Elizabeth Parker), on Oct. 20, 1946.

1931

1932
BIRTHS: A daughter, Jean Louise, to Mr. and Mrs. Ray Thompson (Henriette Moree) on Jan. 6.
Robert W. Loveday is with the Daniel Hays Glove Co., Gloversville, N. Y.; address: 112 S. Market St., Johnstown, N. Y.
Robert A. Bakeman, Jr. is a social worker with Juvenile Court, Washington, D. C.; address: 6 Domer Ave., Takoma Park, Md.
Gray Taylor has become a partner with his father in the Rubber Stamp business in Gloversville, N. Y.

1933
MARRIAGES: Alice R. Collins to A. C. Pace on Nov. 23, 1946; address: 1848 D St., N. E., Washington, D. C.
BIRTHS: A son, Henry Ellsworth, to Mr. and Mrs. Willis Cheney (Dorothy Cornwall) on Feb. 3.
ADDRESSES: Rev. and Mrs. George B. Owen (Christine Jones, '32), 2215 19th Ave., Vero Beach, Fla.; Mr. and

Prouty (Jessie Gibson) on Dec. 28, 1946. A son, Jeffrey Bethesda, Md.

Longmire, Wash.


George R. Erskine has reopened his law office in Wallingford, Conn.; address: 348 So. Main St., Walling¬

ford, Conn.

Curtiss B. Hickcox, M. D. is Prof. and Head of the Dept. of Anesthesiology, Temple Univ. and Med. School; address: 205 Harrison Ave., Glenside, Pa.

Edward W. Hearne, Jr. is Men's Sec'y. of the Albany, N. Y. Y. M. C. A.

1936 BIRTHS: A daughter, Priscilla Jean, to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred S. Russ (Frances Wilkinson) on Dec. 10, 1946.

ADDRESSES: Jean Barbon Cotton (Mrs. Daniel C.), 27 King St., Cohasset, Mass.; Ruthanna Wilson Duncan (Mrs. Thomas L.), S. Harpswell, Me.; Robert M. Smith, R. F. D. No. 2, Wells, Me.

William H. Carter, Jr. is Instr. in English at Katharine Gibbs School, Boston, Mass.

Victor Willoughby, Jr. is a Mech. Engineer with the Agusti-Bacon Mfg. Co. of Kansas City, Mo.; address: 5233 Chadwick Rd., Kansas City 3, Kansas.


BIRTHS: A daughter, Virginia Elizabeth, to Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Hopper (Susan Hathaway) on Jan. 28.


Herbert T. Ellison is now Ass't. Personnel Dir. for the Pharmacal Co. of Norwich, N. Y.

Randall W. Hoffman has been named Ass't. Dean at Northeastern Univ., Boston, Mass.

Kenneth W. MacFadyen is Chem. Instr. at Colgate Univ.; address: 10 College St., Hamilton, N. Y.


MARRIAGES: Ethel Brainerd to James S. Groves on Feb. 22 in Washington, D. C.

BIRTHS: A son, Lawrence Edgar, to Mr. and Mrs. V. B. Spamer (Claribel Nothnagle) on Nov. 23, 1946; address: 121 Huntington Rd., Stratford, Conn. A son, David John, to Mr. and Mrs. John W. Brooks (Rebecca Abbott) on Dec. 28, 1946. A daughter, Carolyn, to Mr. and Mrs. John Chalmers (Carol Bloom, '37) on Dec. 17, 1946.


Raeburn B. Stiles is Inst. in Math. at Vanderbilt Univ., Box 2, Nashville, Tenn.

John C. Robinson is Ass't. Mgr. and Chemist in the Chemung Div. of Sheffield Farms, Oneonta, N. Y.

Ivan L. Bunnell, M.D., is Ass't. Surgeon in the U. S. Public Health Service; address: 3138 Hilltop Rd., Kansas City, Kansas.

Harold W. Lewis is Instr. in Physics, Duke Univ., Durham, N. C.

Cecil C. Holstrom is an engineer with the Bureau of Aeronautics, Navy Dept.; address: 6307 Riverdale Rd., Riverdale, Md.

Robert N. Ross is a graduate student at the Univ. of Wisconsin; address: P. O. Box 267, Madison, Wisc.

Madeline S. Bultles is teaching Latin in the Rutland H. S., Rutland, Vt.


C. Albert Pritchard is associated with the French Dept. of the U. S. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Russell A. Norton is teaching at the Rochester Institute of Technology; address: 7 Livingston Pk., Rochester 8, N. Y.

Edward C. Hallock is a salesman for the Construction Products Corp., 60 Lispenard St., New York 13, N. Y.

1939


Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Galligan, Jr. (Barbara Plumer) on Aug. 28, 1946. A daughter, Mary Frances, to Mr. and Mrs. David II, N. Y.

28, 1946. A daughter, Janet Elizabeth, to Mr. and Mrs. David 6, N. Y.

ENGAGEMENTS: Beverly Barton to Randolph V. Hall on Nov. 17, 1946; address: Nashua Ave., Ansonia, Conn. A son, David Paul II, to Mr. and Mrs. David 2, N. Y. 25, N. Y.; Margaret Waller Glazier

Edward F. Grosenbeck is Dir. of Industrial Arts, Holland Patent Central School, Holland Patent, N. Y.

Thor B. Gustafson is Purchasing Agent for the Firestone Aircraft Co. of Pa.; address: Richboro, Bucks Co., Pa.

Lester B. Agranovitch is salesman for the Yantic Grain & Products Co., Norwich, Conn.; address: 124 Prospect St., Norwich, Conn.

1940

ENGAGEMENTS: Beverly Barton to Randolph V. Hall of New Haven, Conn.

BIRTHS: A daughter, Janet Elizabeth, to Mr. and Mrs. John H. Fuller (Laura Fenn) on Oct. 10, 1946; address: 738 Elizabeth St., Utica, N. Y. A daughter, Sharon Jane, to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Galligan, Jr. (Barbara Plumer) on Aug. 28, 1946. A daughter, Mary Frances, to Mr. and Mrs. Francis R. Nitchie, Jr., on Jan. 29; address: 145 Hartswick St. Road, Lima, Ohio; Jean Bates Pratt (Mrs. J. J., Jr.)

Comstock Hall, Cornell Univ., Ithaca, N. Y.

Franklin W. Myers teaches History and Social Sciences, and coaches football, basketball and baseball at Enosburg Falls High School, Enosburg Falls, Vt.

William G. Meader is an Instr. in the Tokyo Army College; address: APO 500, c/o PM, San Francisco, Calif.


Leon M. Meyers is a teacher of eye education (sight training) in N. Y. C.; address: 38 W. 73rd St., N. Y. C., N. Y.

Glenn H. Leggett, Jr. is Instr. in the Eng. Dept., Ohio State Univ.; address: 85 Jefferson Ave., Columbus, O.

Winton L. Seymour is geologist with the Nat'l. Tunnel & Mines Co.; address: Box 583, Tooele, Utah.

Lt. Comdr. Lloyd C. Butterfield has been promoted from the Naval Reserve to Regular Navy, and is stationed as Purchasing Agent at Scotia, N. Y.

1941

ENGAGEMENTS: David A. Hammond to Elaine Brown of Cleveland, Ohio, Dec. 1946; Guennlyn Simpson to Frederick W. Winterbottom of Bethlehem, N. H.

MARRIAGES: Dr. Robert G. Gale to Caroline Blackwell on Dec. 21, 1946, in Elkland, Pa.; address: c/o Vanderbilt Hospital, Dept. of Medicine, Nashville, Tenn.; Suzanne Milholland to Kenneth C. MacArthur on Jan. 25 in Douglas- ton, N. Y. On Jan. 31, they sailed for Sweden where Mr. MacArthur will study at the University of Stockholm; Evelyn Parent to John Hagel on July 20, 1946; Ruth Hardy to Charles I. Scheidecker on Dec. 28, 1946 in Andover, Mass.

BIRTHS: A son, John Vaughn, to Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth L. Ketchum (Virginia Vaughan) on Feb. 4. A daughter, Susan Stratton, to Mr. and Mrs. Mahlon Hoagland (Elizabeth Stratton) on Nov. 17, 1946; address: Nashua Ave., Annisquam, Mass. A son, David Paul II, to Mr. and Mrs. David P. Thomson (Margaret Wiley) on Feb. 15.


Norman B. Boothby is Art Instr. and Sculptor at Wesley- an Univ.; address: Killingworth Rd., Higganum, Conn.

Craig W. Stewart is Prod. Mgr. for the Marcus Mason & Co., Westboro, Mass.; address: 118 W. Main St., Westboro, Mass.

Joseph Unrath is with the Camden Trust Co., Camden, N. J.; address: 204 So. Monroe Ave., Wenonah, N. J.

David A. Hammond is studying for his doctor's degree at Western Reserve Univ., Cleveland, O.
Robert A. Knight is a field rep. with the War Assets Admin.; address: Race Brook Rd., Orange, Conn.

Winthorp G. Pierrel is a student at the Columbia Grad. School of Library Science, Columbia Univ., N. Y. C., N. Y.


Ely Silverman is studying at Columbia Univ. N. Y. C., N. Y.; address: Box 432, 179 Marcy Ave., Brooklyn 11, N. Y.

John D. Connor is clothing buyer for Men's Wear Sales, N. Y. C., N. Y.; address: 32 Hazelton Dr., White Plains, N. Y.

Gordon F. Hawes is a physical instructor for the Y.M.C.A., Brockton, Mass.

George Eastland, Master Sergeant Corps of Engineers, is now stationed at Fort Eustis, Va., permanent address: 15 Coolidge Ave., Glen Falls, N. Y.

William J. Zehnring is a student at N. Y. Medical College; address: 216 Chatterton Pkwy., White Plains, N. Y.

Sidney H. Thomas is a graduate student at the Univ. of Vt.; address: 116 Main St., Burlington, Vt.

Stephen H. Arnold is teaching mathematics at Anglo High School, Angola, N. Y.

Robert L. de Veer is a salesman for the Texas Co., Cross St., Bridgeport, Conn.

1942

ENGAGEMENTS: John Corbin to Jeanne Holmes of Franklinville, N. Y., in Jan.; Virginia S. Poole to Major Warren G. Leonard USAAF of Hudson, N. Y.

MARRIAGES: Frank M. Goldsmith to Elizabeth Hiller on Nov. 28, 1946 in White Plains, N. Y.; address: R.F.D. No. 3, Box 383, New Brunswick, N. J.


ADDRESSES: Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred T. Ouimette of Great Neck, L. I. was erroneously reported in the September issue.

DECEASED: William J. Purcell is Math. Instr. at Sampson College, Sampson, N. Y.

Raymond W. Hodge is a student at Babson Institute of Business Administration, Babson Park 57, Mass.

William E. Lutz is a dentist in the Army at the Station Hospital, Camp Kilmer, N. J.; address: Box 1663, Santa Fe, N. M.

Peter N. Bohn, Jr. is Sr. cost analyst with the Victor Div. of R.C.A. in Camden, N. J.; address: 209 Chester Ave., Moorestown, N. J.

Ralph S. Crawford is attending N. Y. U. College of Med.; address: 65 Cedar Dr., Great Neck, N. Y.

Mark E. Rice is a language teacher in Yarmouth High School, Yarmouth, Mass.; address: 21 Mechanic St., Fitchburg, Mass.

William J. Purcell is Math. Instr. at Sampson College, Sampson, N. Y.

Raymond W. Hodge is a student at Babson Institute of Business Administration, Babson Park 57, Mass.

William E. Lutz is a dentist in the Army at the Station Hospital, Camp Kilmer, N. J. His engagement to Thea deLeeuw of Great Neck, L. I. was erroneously reported in the September issue.

William M. Desmond is teaching mathematics and English in the Junior High School, Nyack, N. Y.; address: 163 S. Broadway, Nyack, N. Y.

William W. Scott is a student at the Univ. of Vt.; address: Box 108, Maple Ave., Acton, Mass.; Mary E. Rixford to Major John D. Connor, 46 to George F. Wiemann, III; address: Box 1663, Santa Fe, N. M.

Page S. Ufford, Jr. is Industrial Engineer for E. I. DuPont de Nemours & Co., Inc., Niagara Falls, N. Y.

1943

MARRIAGES: George W. Nickle to Laura M. Woodard on Jan. 19; address: 508 W. 114th St., N. Y. C. 25; Virginia Fisher to Walter H. Liebfried on Feb. 22, 1946; address: Box 108, Maple Ave., Acton, Mass.; Mary E. Rixford to Richard P. Selchow on Dec. 21, 1946 in Highgate Falls, Vt.; Genevieve M. Jodry to Frederick S. Booth on Dec. 5, 1946 in Milan, Italy; address: 12 Corso Genoa, Milano, Italy.

BIRTHS: A son, Clifford Nelson, to Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Bank (Muriel Clifford) on Dec. 5, 1946.


Robert D. Nims, Jr. is Market Analyst for the G. E. Co.; address: 430 Beechwood Ave., Bridgeport 4, Conn.

Augustin A. Root is an Engr. with the G. E. Co.; address: 53 Western Ave., Westfield, Mass.

Aldom H. Scott is research Chem. and Admin. Aide for the Los Alamos Scientific Lab. in Santa Fe, N. M.; address: Box 1663, Santa Fe, N. M.

Peter N. Bohn, Jr. is Sr. cost analyst with the Victor Div. of R.C.A. in Camden, N. J.; address: 209 Chester Ave., Moorestown, N. J.

Ralph S. Crawford is attending N. Y. U. College of Med.; address: 65 Cedar Dr., Great Neck, N. Y.

Mark E. Rice is a language teacher in Yarmouth High School, Yarmouth, Mass.; address: 21 Mechanic St., Fitchburg, Mass.

William J. Purcell is Math. Instr. at Sampson College, Sampson, N. Y.

James P. Brown, Jr. is a student at Yale Univ.; address: Box 225, Short Beach, Conn.

Frederick H. Booth, is a student at Springfield College; address: 414D Lakeside Village, Alden St., Springfield, Mass.

Warren J. Hassmer is graduate preceptor at Colgate Univ.; address: 77 Kendrick Ave., Hamilton, N. Y.

Page S. Ufford, Jr. is Industrial Engineer for E. I. DuPont de Nemours & Co., Inc., Niagara Falls, N. Y.

1944

ENGAGEMENTS: Harry H. Webb to Kate deForest Jennings of Glen Head, L. I. and N. Y., N. Y.; Leonore Jenkins to Arthur S. Johnson, Ill., of Boston, Mass. on Dec. 12, 1946; Dolores Balzac, 46 to George F. Wiemann, III; Dorothy Cleary to Edward F. Cooke, '45; Georgianna
S. Hartdegen to David H. Booth of Woodmont, Conn. on Dec. 25, 1946.

MARRIAGES: Janet S. Harris to John D. deMoll on Feb. 15 in Swarthmore, Penn.; address: 500 N. Chester Rd., Swarthmore, Penn.


Robert I. Schrack is a retail coal dealer in Niagara Falls, N. Y.; address: 255 8th St., Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Stuart Montgomery is a student at the Colo. School of Mines, Golden, Colo.; address: 1820 Arapahoe St., Golden, Colo.

Michael C. Petropoulos is an Insp. for the Army Exchange Service; address: 57 Cedar St., S. Norwalk, Conn.

Wm. S. Stevenson is a salesperson for the W. S. Stevenson Corp. in Boston.

John Unterrecker is attending C.C.N.Y.; address: 500 W. 123rd St., N. Y. C. 27, N. Y.

Hugh M. Taft is continuing his studies at M.I.T., Boston, Mass.

Edgar J. Huizer is attending the Univ. of Alaska; address: Box 218, College, Alaska, until May, 1947.


Burchard M. Day is copywriter with Batten, Barton, Durstine & Osborne, N. Y. C.

Elizabeth Tracy is Ass't. to the Ed. of the Cervi News Service; address: 707 Railway Exchange Bldg., Denver, Colo.

1945

ENGAGEMENTS: Roderick P. Grant to Felicia R. Adams of Willoughby, O., Nov., 1945; Ruth Strode to Hayward B. Carley, Jr., of Pittsfield, Mass.; Mary E. Durggan to Frank Hawthorne of N. Y. C., N. C.


BIRTHS: A daughter, Marie Jeanne, to Mr. and Mrs. Richard J. Huby (Mary Hatcher) on Feb. 7, 1946. A son, Robert Wm., to Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Calder (Marilyn Knust) on Jan. 7. A daughter, Susanne Adell, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McCord (Elizabeth Adell) on Dec. 29, 1946.


Norman H. Daily is attending Western Reserve Univ. in Cleveland, O.; address: 11411 Mayfeld Rd., Cleveland 6, Ohio.

John W. Mills is sales rep. with the Republic Aviation Corp., Personal Plane Div., Farmingdale, L. I., N. Y.; address: 60 Melrose Dr., New Rochelle, N. Y.

John S. Adams, Jr. is a student at Bryant & Stratton Business School in Boston; address: 350 Bacon St., Waltham, Mass.


Esther S. Kennedy is in Japan with a U.S.O. Show on a 6 mo. tour.

Dorothy Compton has been appointed to the U. N. staff at Lake Success, N. Y. She has been named secretary to the Chief of Recruitment, Examining, and Placement; address: 218 Schenck Ave., Great Neck, N. Y.

Janus C. Lindner is a student at Yale University School of Medicine; address: Box 172, 333 Cedar St., New Haven, Conn.

Arnold Kivelson is Asst. Supt., Pilgrim Piece Dye Works, 1 Nassau Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Frank D. Bosworth is teaching and studying for Ph. D. at Columbia; address: 713 Furmaid Hall, Columbia University, N. Y. C.

Earl L. Fox is a student at Franklin & Marshall College; permanent address: Box 405, Bristol Rd., Churchville, Pa.

John A. Campbell is a student at Columbia University Business School; address: 205 Furmaid Hall, Columbia University, N. Y. C.

Theodore R. Parkins is studying at the Boston University School of Medicine; address: 219 Park Dr., Boston 15, Mass.

1st. Lt. James A. MacKenzie, was transferred in Nov. from an Army Air Base in Calif. to the 1539 A.A.F. Base Unit, Tokyo, Japan.

David S. Palmstrom is a student at the Medical College of Virginia, 1105 E. Clay St., Richmond, Va.

1946

ENGAGEMENTS: Jean L. Crawford to Peter Q. McKee, '45 on Dec. 7, 1946; Mary Nasmith to Donald T. Means, '47.


BIRTHS: A son, Edward A. Glassmyer, III, to Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Glassmyer, Jr., (Edith Avery) on Dec. 30, 1946. A daughter, Christine, to Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Colyer (Naomi Thresher), on Jan. 20.

ADDRESSES: Charlotte Anderson Fink (Mrs. Howard C.), Star Route, R.F.D., Ravenna, N. Y.; Phyllis Faber (Mrs. Earl L.), 354 Veterans Pl., Ithaca, N. Y.; Marjorie Jolivette Manning (Mrs. Bayless), 354 Yale Ave., New Haven, Conn.; Judith M. Fox is a student at Swarthmore College; address: 500 W. 123rd St., N. Y. C.


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John M. Perry is Math. Instr. at Clarkson Tech, Potsdam, N. Y.; address: 26 Pleasant St., Potsdam, N. Y.

Marvin Armstrong is a student at Andover Newton Theological Seminary working for her Masters in Religious Ed.; address: 70 Chase St., Newton Center 59, Mass.

Winifred White received the degree of B.s. in Nursing from Cornell Univ. on Feb. 28. She also received a nursing diploma from Cornell Univ., N. Y. Hospital School of Nursing.

Jean Luckhardt is teaching English in the Port Chester High School, Port Chester, N. Y.

Marion Roberts is assistant buyer at Deweis in Phila., Pa.

Elizabeth Hurd is working in the Research Laboratories of the Vick Chemical Co., Linden Pl., Flushing, L. I.; address: 42-11 Kissena Blvd, Apt. 4A, Flushing, L. I.

Mary Albertson is doing graduate work in geography at the Univ. of Wisconsin; address: 1512 Sumac Dr., Madison, Wisc.

Barbara Snow is secretary to Dr. Freeman in the French Dept.; address: 27 Court St., Middlebury, Vt.

Dolores Balzac is attending the Berkeley Secretarial School, White Plains, N. Y.

Helen Bellwood is doing graduate work at Boston Univ., Mass. and is on the staff at the House of Seven Gables.

Richard P. Merrill is entering the Univ. of Mexico for the Spring Term to do graduate work in fine arts and Spanish.

Raymond E. Walch is teaching at the New Hampton School, New Hampton, N. Y. He will serve as asst. coach of varsity football, also.

T. Holmes Moore is instructor in English, New Hampton School, New Hampton, N. Y.

Richard Kolaskoski is now on the faculty of Pennsylvania State College, State College, Pa.

Pamela Lowe is a student at the Katharine Gibbs School, Port Chester, N. Y.

Marjorie Wright is secretary to the Dartmouth College Athletic Council Office; address: 82 Lebanon St., c/o Mrs. A. R. Fogg, Hanover, N. H.

Margaret Palfrey is office chemist in the legal dept. of DuPont; address: 813 N. Adams St., Wilmington, Del.

Florence Goeltz is an English teacher in the Briarcliff High School, Briarcliff, N. Y.

Cynthia Proud is a teaching fellow at Wesleyan University; address: Scott Lab., Wesleyan Univ., Middletown, Conn.

THE INCREDIBLE ALBERT SCHWEITZER

(Continued from page 9)

money for the hospital was raised by his organ recitals and lectures. He returned to his home in Alsace in February of 1939, but sensing the imminence of war, he felt that he should return to his post in Africa. Within a week, he was on his way back to Africa on the same ship that had brought him to Europe. He has remained at Lambéréné since his return in 1939. That he has been able to carry on in a tropical climate without interruption during the past eight years of war and world changes, is a tribute to his wonderful physique. However, he has suffered crises of fatigue, and for a man of 72 the strain he is under is giving his friends great anxiety.

Last fall, Mrs. Schweitzer returned to their Günsbach home, which miraculously emerged from the war unscathed.

The Doctor, however, stays on at his post until he can complete his full staff with doctors and nurses to carry on while he takes a "furlough" in Europe and, we hope, visits America to give lectures and concerts.

"To him who reverences life there can be no peace," says Dr. Schweitzer. "It will not allow the learned man to live only for his learning, even if his learning makes him very useful, or for the artist to live only for his art, even if by means of it he gives something to many. It does not allow the very busy man to think that with the activities of his occupation he has fulfilled every demand upon him. It demands from all and everyone that they devote a portion of their life to their fellows."

In these words, we find the explanation of why Dr. Schweitzer has been giving the best years of his life to the healing of poor African natives. In him, the philosopher and the physician are one. The philosophy of reverence for life, he maintains, must send us out to overcome pain wherever we find it most terrible. It is easy to see why this humanitarian holds, and will continue to hold, such a supreme place of respect, and indeed of reverence, in the hearts of an increasing number of people today.

The following three books by Dr. Schweitzer are recommended reading:

John Sebastian Bach
On the Edge of the Primaeval Forest, and
Out of My Life and Thought.

MIDDLEBURY'S LOST MAN OF HISTORY

(Continued from page 11)

that his initial industry and alarm had infected the colonists and had prompted them to complete the crude fortifications he had begun.

He exhorted them to continue their watchfulness and did his best to supervise the gun mounts they had arranged and then spent the first two or three days of his walking convalescence planning the defense which must be actively waged against the tribes already gathering in the nearby jungles.

On November 11, 1822, just at dawn, a screaming horde of between 800 and 900 savage blacks fell on the little colony which they sought to eliminate for fear its inhabitants would someday prevent them from selling each other off to the white runners of the slave trade.

"Ashmun wheeled one of the tiny cannons to a slot in the breastworks," says Holbrook, "and brought it to bear on the advancing ranks. He stood with slow match burning until the howling blacks were within close range, then let go the grapeshot. It wreaked dreadful work, mowing down a score of the wild men. The black ranks broke, then rallied to the cries of their chiefs, and came on again. Ashmun fired both cannons this time, and to good effect. But again the savages re-formed and came back to the charge. In the meantime, one of Ashmun's men fell dead from a spear, then another and another. Ashmun paid no heed. He rammed another mighty load into one of his guns and touched it off. Every shot found its way into the solid mass of human flesh, and this time the attack was stopped. With a yell of fear, the natives turned and like one man disappeared into the jungle, leaving more than one hundred dead on the field."
For three weeks the little encampment was in a state of siege and then the natives attacked again. Ashmun once more held his fire until the enemy was almost upon the breastworks and then unleashed the twin cannon.

The Africans were again moved down, and though Ashmun himself received "three bullets through the clothes" and many another colonist was hurt, the attackers finally retreated, never again to challenge the settlers of Liberia by force of arms.

After this initial test by fire, Ashmun spent more than six years of the most rigorous jungle life, intermittently sick and exhausted, supervising the settlement of several colonies along the coast, participating in the establishment of Monrovia which is still Liberia's thriving Capital, gradually pacifying the resentful tribes of the interior, and always—never endingly—seeking to make Liberia a haven for the Negroes of America.

He penned thousands upon thousands of words to the American Colonization Society, to the government, to all interested in his great and many disinterested Americans, on the possibility of turning Liberia into a thriving nation of freed slaves from America. Despite widespread apathy among the people in his country, the settlements in Liberia began to take hold. Disease-wrecked and poverty-ridden though they were, they were the one hope in the world for most of the freed Negroes of America or for the wretched black men being resurrected from the between-deck dungeons of slave ships by British and American naval vessels.

Had Jehudi Ashmun been able to give more than six years to building up the country, had he been able to return to the United States and fight as he alone knew how to fight for Liberia, his story and history might have been different.

However, the fever which had pursued him from the first weeks of his landing gradually wore him down to little more than a burning will and a pair of burning eyes. On the 25th of March, 1828, "having received a written opinion from his physician, that his return to the United States offered the possibility of turning Liberia into a thriving nation of freed slaves from America. "

Ashmun was laid to rest before an assemblage of scholars and statesmen, including the Governor of Connecticut and the president of Yale University.

"Thus we come to his grave," said the colonial agent's biographer, A. A. Gurley, in 1833. "A simple but beautiful monument erected by the Managers of the American Colonization Society, in a New Haven churchyard bearing the name of Ashmun. This monument may perish but that name never. It is engraven on the heart of Africa."

Negro salvation which Ashmun saw for it, and, here in America, the problems Ashmun foresaw and for which he offered a neglected solution are still with us. Had he been able to fight off once more the onslaught of tropical fever and personally carry his fight for Liberia to the United States, Antitam and Appomattox might have been avoided. In spending himself, he went unheard. Today, his monuments within his native land are little more than a weathered sandstone tomb located in New Haven, Connecticut.

**THE PRESIDENT'S PAGE**

(Continued from page 12)

ment"—the prosaic business of earning a living. It is upon you, a relatively small proportion of our total population, that the responsibility for solving the grave political, economic, and social problems of our new "One World" will rest. Each of you, whether you wish it or not, will become a leader in some group, large or small, as the case may be. Such leadership will be forced upon you by reason of the educational privileges you have enjoyed. Each of you, and this is of equal importance, will be responsible for the selection of our law makers and political administrators. Personally I hope you will not be guided by the impulsive young minds nor by the cynical and disillusioned older minds. There is a tendency for both the old and the young to crystallize their views and philosophies into slogans based upon opinions and prejudices, which they protect by iron curtains against rational analysis or enlightened qualifications. True the slogans of the young may typically be labeled "progressive" while the slogans of the old may be tagged "conservative." It is your generation, however, which must penetrate these iron curtains and dispassionately find a middle ground between the radical and the reactionary slogans which are leading mankind to sell the birthright of his freedom for the sort of economic security that slaves and serfs have never lacked.

The 17th century philosopher, John Locke, once wrote: "God who hath given the world to man in common, hath also given them reason to make use of it to the best advantage of life and convenience."

Are we headed for disaster and disillusionment in this age of the atomic bomb and ideological conflict? I think not, for I believe you will see the danger of substituting slogans for reason. I think not, for I believe you have an understanding of the nature of man and his environment and that you have the moral fiber and the Christian principles which will make it possible for your generation to create a world which "shall be to the advantage of life and convenience for all men in common."

I believe by looking backward you will discover in your life and work in this college the source of inspiration that will guide you forward along the narrow path of reason and justice, of understanding and tolerance.

**TRACK SCHEDULE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>April 26</th>
<th>Williams</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>May 3</td>
<td>Bates &amp; Colby</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 10</td>
<td>Hamilton</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 17</td>
<td>E.I.C.A.A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 24</td>
<td>Trinity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 31</td>
<td>Vermont</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Williamstown
Lewiston
Middlebury
Worcester
Hartford
Burlington
Lost Alumni and Alumnae

Please notify Mr. Duane L. Robinson, Editor, General Catalogue, Middlebury College, Middlebury, Vt. of the addresses of any of the following alumni or alumnae:

1928
Harry G. Bruns
Carlton D. Bruya
Rocco Caruso
Robert E. Comiskey
William J. Haley
George P. Hayward
Paul M. Higgins
Harry P. Kammerer
David R. Lockard
William W. Merriman
John M. Myers
Robert W. Patterson
Louis J. Talarico
Iancu A. Weiss
Panayotis A. Xantho

1929
Harlan F. Davis
Paul L. Dujardin
Robert A. Foster
Abraham Goldstein
Wesley P. Griffith
Otto É. Hellauer
Frank LeRaher
David H. MacLean
Elbert W. Merriam
George A. Meyer
Harold H. Mudgett
John J. Sheehan
Francis K. Smith

1930
Constantine D. Allen
William L. Barenthaler
Wilfred W. Barnes
Curtis V. Bellinger
Daniel J. Fagon
Ralph Hammersley, Jr.
Alec H. Hill
Richard J. Humeston
Warren G. Jackson
Philip C. Lance
Arthur H. Lawson
Harry S. Leon
Kenneth C. MacClelland
Owen B. Nettle
Jefferis M. Pennington, Jr.
Arthur L. Pierce
Michael G. Stcherbinine
Leslie Valois
James W. Welch
Charles W. White

1931
Ralph R. DeLucia
Glenn R. Furbush
Mark B. Hepburn
Ralph M. Locke
Edwin A. Pitt
John F. Rovegno
Kenneth A. Simpson

1932
Raymond F. Reilly
Albert J. Rovegno
Harold M. Young

1933
John W. Boggs
Hershel J. Braudel
Franklin Butler
Rodolfo Concha
George G. Frelighuysen
Harold R. Herrmann
Moses B. Kaplan
Thomas C. Rich
Francis W. Rozon
Robert C. Somerville
Avery W. Steele
Horace S. Symes

1934
Herbert F. Binning
Martin T. Dwyer
Kasten J. Gailius
Melvin E. Lawrence
Frank K. Locke
Edwin M. Stebbins
Eugene A. Thompson
Warner S. Wright
Emanuel M. Ziegler

1935
George M. Abbott
Floyd J. Batchelder
Kenneth C. Batten
Harold F. Blaisdell
VanBeuren W. DeVries
Edward A. Hoyt
Dayton E. Mattoon
John Schoonmaker
John S. Thurston
Alexander Wouters, Jr.

1936
Leroy L. Kohler
John M. McClure
Karl W. Wolf

1937
David M. Dorfman
Nathaniel T. Scott
Harry J. Tait, Jr.
Robert L. Thompson
Douglas L. Weatherhead

1938
Wilford B. Borland
Wilbur M. Brown
William M. Fulkerson
Edward H. Gartland
Maurice D. Gour
Karl Herman
Marion J. Hunt
Werner P. Ickstadt
John D. Kamps, Jr.
William D. Mundell
Irving Nathanson
Charles S. Powell
Stanford C. Pratt

1939
Frank W. Casey
Edgar J. Doolittle, Jr.
Robert B. Feldman
Vernon C. Nystrom
Randolph L. Pfeffer
Robert D. Robinson, Jr.
Paul A. Tolman
James B. Walls
Joseph J. Yaffee

1940
John H. Finley
Karl L. Hofmann
Frederick G. Nelson, Jr.
Winton L. Seymour
Robert Sheffield
John U. Steuber

1941
Robert H. Berkowitz
John B. D’Errico, Jr.
Willard Dow

1942
William F. D. Idle
Gilbert F. Kibby
Ralph Sternberg

1943
Gordeon E. Bernard

1944
William R. Raser
Manuel A. Santullano
# Commencement Reunion

## Friday, June 13

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-8 P.M.</td>
<td>Registration</td>
<td>Starr Library</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8:15 P.M.</td>
<td>Commencement Play</td>
<td>College Playhouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;The Philadelphia Story&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Saturday, June 14

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9:30 A.M.</td>
<td>Class Day Ceremonies</td>
<td>Lower Campus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:00 A.M.</td>
<td>Trustees' Meeting</td>
<td>Old Chapel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11:00 A.M.</td>
<td>Alumnae Association</td>
<td>Forest Hall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Open Meeting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12:30 P.M.</td>
<td>Reunion Barbecue</td>
<td>Gifford Hall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-6 P.M.</td>
<td>Informal Reception</td>
<td>Campus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6:00 P.M.</td>
<td>Class Reunion Dinners</td>
<td>President’s House</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8-11:45 P.M.</td>
<td>Commencement Dance</td>
<td>McCullough Gym</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Commencement Play</td>
<td>College Playhouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;The Philadelphia Story&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Sunday, June 15

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10:45 A.M.</td>
<td>Baccalaureate Service</td>
<td>Mead Chapel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12:30 P.M.</td>
<td>Phi Beta Kappa Luncheon</td>
<td>Middlebury Inn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5:00 P.M.</td>
<td>Twilight Musicale</td>
<td>Mead Chapel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7:30 P.M.</td>
<td>Cane Ceremony</td>
<td>Forest Hall Arcade</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8:15 P.M.</td>
<td>College Movies</td>
<td>Mead Chapel</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Monday, June 16

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10:15 A.M.</td>
<td>Commencement Procession</td>
<td>Old Chapel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:30 A.M.</td>
<td>147th Commencement Exercises</td>
<td>Mead Chapel</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>